

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

"NORTH WEST COMPANY FUND REPORTS SECOND QUARTER RESULTS"

Winnipeg, September 11, 2003: North West Company Fund (the "Fund") today reported 2003 second guarter earnings for the period ended July 26, 2003.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

The North West Company Fund reported a second quarter consolidated sales increase of 3.1% (up 2.8% on a same store basis excluding foreign exchange impact) to \$192.4 million compared to \$186.6 million in 2002. Second quarter net earnings decreased 2.4% to \$8.9 million, compared to \$9.1 million in 2002. Fully diluted earnings per unit were \$0.55 per unit compared to \$0.57 per unit last year.

Trading profit¹ or net earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) decreased 8.4% to \$18.0 million compared to \$19.6 million in the second quarter last year. Interest expenses were the same as last year at \$1.5 million even though interest rates were higher throughout the quarter compared to last year. Lower receivable and inventory positions offset rate increases. Income taxes were reduced 39% in the quarter versus last year due to lower pre-tax earnings from Canadian operations.

Year-to-date sales of \$371.8 million are up 3.6% (up 3.7% on a same store basis excluding foreign exchange impact) over last year. Consolidated earnings are down 6.1% to \$14.5 million (\$0.90 per unit) compared to \$15.4 million (\$0.96 per unit) last year. Trading profit¹ was \$31.2 million (down 8.1%) compared to \$34.0 million last year. The weakening of the US dollar versus the Canadian dollar reduced the net earnings contribution from Alaskan operations by 11.0% based on the average exchange rates in the second quarter of 2003 of \$1.3722 versus last year's \$1.5413. The negative impact on earnings per unit for the year if the Canadian dollar remains in the current \$1.40 range is estimated at approximately \$0.03 per unit. The Company's investment in Alaska Commercial Company is hedged by US long-term debt and is not affected by fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate.

¹ Trading Profit or EBITDA is not a recognized measure under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management believes that in addition to net earnings (loss), trading profit is a useful supplemental measure as it provides investors with an indication of cash available for distribution prior to debt service, capital expenditures and income taxes. Investors should be cautioned, however, that trading profit should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings (loss) determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of NWF's performance. NWF's method of calculating trading profit may differ from other companies and, accordingly, trading profit may not be comparable to measures used by other companies.

CANADIAN OPERATIONS

Canadian sales for the quarter were generally strong, increasing 7.8% (4.1% on a same store basis) to \$149.9 million compared to \$139.1 million in 2002. Food sales increased 10.2% (6.6% on a same store basis) for the second quarter compared to last year. Northern Canada stores (Northern and NorthMart banners) food sales delivered a 6.1% gain (6.1% on a same store basis). Sales increases were achieved in all major categories led by deli, tobacco and confections, which had increases of 24.2%, 14.3% and 9.1% respectively. Other strong performers included beverages, chilled foods, produce and frozen foods.

Canadian general merchandise sales increased 1.7% (-2.1% on a same store basis) in the second quarter. General merchandise sales in Northern Canada were down 2.9% (-2.9% on a same store basis) due primarily to price deflation in softline categories and less available disposable income to stimulate "big-ticket" purchases in transportation and home furnishings.

Canadian gross profit dollar contribution in the quarter increased by 3.2% from last year but the rate was down by 142 basis points. Food gross profit dollars grew by 5.0% while general merchandise gross profit dollars decreased 1.7%. In Northern Canada stores price deflation in "shelf-stable" groceries and in softlines compressed gross profit margins. Overall, Canadian trading profit decreased 15.5% to \$13.7 million from \$16.2 million, due to lower gross profit rates, new store opening costs, higher rent, utilities and insurance, increased pension expense, development costs related to the Company's "best practice" store training initiative and store information systems.

For the fall period action is being taken to address product margin challenges faced in the first half. Combined with anticipated lower general merchandise markdowns and distribution expense, this is expected to produce a recovery in gross profit margins. Big-ticket hardlines are expected to continue to face a difficult credit sales environment.

The Company's four *Giant Tiger* stores exceeded planned sales but had lower contribution margin levels in the quarter due to new store opening costs. On a same store basis, these stores had a 17.0% sales increase in the quarter.

ALASKAN OPERATIONS (stated in U.S. dollars)

Alaska Commercial Company ("AC") sales for the quarter were the same as last year (-3.3% on a same store basis) at \$30.8 million.

AC's retail stores' food sales were up 3.2% (1.2% on a same store basis) and general merchandise sales were down 14.1% (-18.0% on a same store basis). Similar to the slowdown in the Canadian big-ticket business, AC faced a tighter consumer disposable income environment after two years of fairly strong growth in these categories.

Since the end of the second quarter, AC's food sales have strengthened considerably as a result of market share gains. There is still uncertainty over fall demand for discretionary items such as home furnishings and transportation goods, with anticipated lower Permanent Fund Dividends expected to be partially offset by federal tax cuts.

Core sales to rural accounts at Frontier Expeditors ("FE"), AC's wholesale business, were up 6.2% in the guarter.

Despite soft sales, AC's gross profit improved by 3.9% in the quarter due to higher perishable food margins and an improved blend of higher margin merchandise sold through FE. Expenses were tightly managed and reduced by 3.6% below last year despite the additional costs of a new store in Mountain Village, which opened last December.

AC's trading profit for the quarter increased 38.8% to \$3.0 million compared to \$2.2 million last year.

BALANCE SHEET AND CASH FLOW

Assets employed at the end of the second quarter were \$412.2 million compared to \$428.9 million last year and \$418.2 million at the end of January 2003. The Company continues to focus on opportunities to further reduce working capital requirements and have embedded this objective in all management incentive plans. Cash balances were reduced 7.2% from last year. Accounts receivable balances were 7.8% or \$4.9 million lower than last year. Inventory levels were reduced by 4.2% or \$5.7 million due to more emphasis on improving stock turnover, including faster clearance of seasonal items and the outsourcing of warehouse inventory to alliance partners. Future income taxes have been reduced 13.0% to \$14.1 million compared to \$16.2 million in 2002 from the reduction in non-capital loss carryforwards used in 2002. Property and equipment balances decreased 3.4% or \$6.4 million primarily due to lower US to CDN dollar exchange rates used to convert US based assets to Canadian dollars.

Bank advances increased 7.4% or \$2.1 million from January 2003 to finance the capital expenditures and seasonal working capital requirements. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased by \$5.0 million in the quarter reflecting the increase in inventories in the quarter.

The weighted average units outstanding for the quarter were 15,941,000 compared to 16,013,000 last year.

UNITHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS

The Trustees declared a quarterly cash distribution of \$0.39 per unit to unitholders of record on August 15, 2003, distributable on September 15, 2003. Distributions are expected to be \$0.39 per quarter in 2003, subject to a quarterly review and approval by the Trustees of North West Company Fund and the Board of The North West Company Inc.

OTHER HIGHLIGHTS

- The 2003 Giant Tiger store rollout schedule proceeded as planned with store openings in Regina, Saskatchewan on June 14 and a third Winnipeg store on August 9. Fall 2003 openings are set for Edmonton on October 25 and Morden, Manitoba on November 7.
- Test store formats were launched in The Pas, Manitoba in May 2003 and in Fort Vermilion, Alberta in June 2003.

 A video rental alliance has been signed with Rogers Video. The new program will be rolled out to all Canadian stores in the fall.

The North West Company Inc. (NWC) is the leading retailer of food and everyday products and services to northern communities across Canada and Alaska. NWC operates 181 stores under a number of trading names, including *Northern, NorthMart, Giant Tiger* and *AC Value Center*, and provides catalogue shopping services through its *Selections* catalogue in Canada.

The units of the Fund trade on the TSX Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "NWF.UN".

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)

ASSETS	,	July 26 2003		July 27 2002	Ja	anuary 25 2003
Current assets						
Cash	\$	8,953	\$	9,647	\$	10,451
Accounts receivable		58,546		63,485		64,762
Inventories		131,088		136,809		127,449
Future income taxes		3,632		6,878		4,964
Prepaid expenses		4,049		3,243		2,274
		206,268		220,062		209,900
Property and equipment		183,295		189,693		188,194
Future income taxes		10,430		9,295		9,322
Other assets		12,174		9,806		10,775
	\$	412,167	\$	428,856	\$	418,191
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Bank advances and short-term notes Accounts payable and accrued Income taxes payable Bonds due within one year Current portion of long-term debt	\$	30,250 51,100 1,210 - 1,793 84,353	\$	28,891 55,338 1,755 9,781 2,084 97,849	\$	28,157 60,495 1,500 - 1,843 91,995
Long-term debt		100,395		111,357		106,812
FOURTY		184,748		209,206		198,807
EQUITY		405.005		405.005		405.005
Capital		165,205		165,205		165,205
Unit purchase loan plan (Note 3)		(3,423)		(3,170)		(3,365)
Retained earnings		60,344		52,457 5.159		52,165 5,270
Cumulative currency translation adjustments		5,293 227,419		5,158 219,650		5,379 219,384
	\$	412,167	\$		\$	
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

SALES	-	3 Weeks Ended July 26 2003		13 Weeks Ended July 27 2002	26 Weeks Ended July 26 2003	26 Weeks Ended July 27 2002
Canadian operations Alaskan operations	\$	149,882 42,494	\$	139,077 47,536	\$ 289,464 82,308	\$ 268,981 89,865
madran operations	\$	192,376	\$	186,613	\$ 371,772	\$ 358,846
Cost of sales, selling and administrative expenses Canadian operations	\$	(136,178)	\$	(122,857)	\$ (264,175)	\$ (239,863)
Alaskan operations		(38,214)		(44,128)	(76,379)	(85,031)
Net earnings before amortization, interest and income taxes Canadian operations Alaskan operations		13,704 4,280		16,220 3,408	25,289 5,929	29,118 4,834
Amortization Canadian operations Alaskan operations		(4,587) (1,001)		(4,820) (893)	(9,144) (2,061)	(9,666) (1,806)
Interest		12,396 (1,507) 10,889		13,915 (1,554) 12,361	20,013 (3,170) 16,843	22,480 (3,109) 19,371
Provision for income taxes (Note 2)		(1,964)		(3,217)	(2,375)	(3,961)
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD		8,925		9,144	14,468	15,410
Retained earnings, beginning of period Distributions		57,708 (6,289)		49,360 (6,047)	52,165 (6,289)	49,142 (12,095)
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF PERIOD	\$	60,344	\$	52,457	\$ 60,344	\$ 52,457
NET EARNINGS PER UNIT Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.56 0.55	\$ \$	0.57 0.57	0.91 0.90	\$ 0.96 0.96
Weighted Average Number of Units Outstanding (000's) Basic Diluted		15,941 16,126		16,013 16,126	15,943 16,126	16,064 16,126

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Accounting Presentations and Disclosures

These interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and their methods of application as the 2002 annual financial statements. Not all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements are presented, and accordingly, the interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2002 Annual Report.

2. Income Taxes

Certain interest amounts deducted by The North West Company Inc. are included as taxable income to unitholders of North West Company Fund upon distribution. The income tax benefit of loss carryforwards to the Company have been recorded in these financial statements as a future income tax asset.

3. Unit Purchase Loan Plan

Loans issued to officers to purchase units under the unit purchase loan plan are treated as a reduction of equity. These loans are non-interest bearing and repayable from the after tax distributions or if the officer sells the units or leaves the Company. The loans are secured by a pledge of 184,657 units of the Company with a quoted value at July 26, 2003 of \$4,395,000. Loans receivable at July 26, 2003 of \$3,423,000 are recorded as a reduction of equity. Additional loans may be made on an annual basis over the next four years. The maximum value of the loans under the plan will not exceed \$7,500,000.

4. Net Identifiable Assets (\$ in thousands)	July 26	July 27
	2003	2002
Canadian operations	\$ 288,019	\$ 288,583
Alaskan operations	71.839	83,180

5. Guarantees

The Company implemented Accounting Guideline 14 - "Disclosure of Guarantees", issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, which requires a guarantor to disclose in its notes to the consolidated financial statements significant information about guarantees it has provided. The disclosures are required even when the likelihood of the guarantor having to make payment under the guarantee is remote. The Company has provided to third parties the following significant guarantees:

Director and officer indemnification agreements

The Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its current and former directors and officers to indemnify them, to the extent permitted by law, against any and all charges, costs, expenses, amounts paid in settlement and damages incurred by the directors and officers as a result of any lawsuit or any judicial, administrative or investigative proceeding in which the directors and officers are sued as a result of their service. These indemnification swill be subject to any statutory or other legal limitation period. The nature of the indemnification agreements prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay to counterparties. The Company has purchased directors' and officers' liability insurance. No amount has been recorded in the financial statements with respect to these indemnification agreements.

Other indemnification agreements

In the normal course of operations, the Company provides indemnification agreements to counterparties for various events such as intellectual property right infringement, loss or damages to property, claims that may arise while providing services, violation of laws or regulations, or as a result of litigation that might be suffered by the counterparties. The terms and nature of these indemnification agreements vary based on the specific contract. The nature of the indemnification agreements prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay to counterparties. No amount has been recorded in the financial statements with respect to these indemnification agreements.

6. Comparative Amounts

The comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, \$ in thousands)

		Weeks Ended July 26 2003		13 Weeks Ended July 27 2002		26 Weeks Ended July 26 2003		26 Weeks Ended July 27 2002
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
Operating Activities								
Net earnings for the period	\$	8,925	\$	9,144	\$	14,468	\$	15,410
Non-cash items								
Amortization		5,588		5,713		11,205		11,472
Future income taxes		359		1,459		(54)		1,313
Amortization of deferred financing costs		46		(312)		93		(623)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	-	(171)		(142)		(171)		(132)
Cash flow from operations		14,747		15,862		25,541		27,440
Change in other non-cash items		(1,143)		(3,495)		(6,405)		(6,379)
Operating activities		13,604		12,367		19,136		21,061
Investing Activities								
Purchase of property and equipment		(6,966)		(4,692)		(10,195)		(8,365)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		195		229		` 195 [°]		736
Investing activities		(6,771)		(4,463)		(10,000)		(7,629)
Financing Activities								
Change in bank advances and short-term notes		(2,510)		(5,118)		2,335		1,871
Repayment of long-term debt		(163)		(167)		(334)		(340)
Net purchase of units for unit purchase loan plan		38		(1,274)		(57)		(3,170)
Deferred financing costs		-		(27)		()		(27)
Distributions		(6,289)		(6,047)		(12,578)		(12,095)
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Financing activities		(8,924)		(12,633)		(10,634)		(13,761)
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(2,091)		(4,729)		(1,498)		(329)
Cash, beginning of period		11,044		14,376		10,451		9,976
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CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	8,953	\$	9,647	\$	8,953	\$	9,647
Supplemental disclosure of cash paid for:								
Interest expense	\$	2,836	\$	325	\$	3.284	\$	4,380
Income taxes	7	1,836	*	3,841	*	2,536	*	4,115
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.